Harliston mar 2 1895

Depwade

I have the pleasure I privardery to you a copy of my annual report to the Definade Rural Sanitary Controlly for the year 1894 Jum farthfulls not Depund Mural Santer Diotnes

Diassi

1. The Librarian Brutish Medical Cessociation

Kindly note that my address is Mulandler Harleston horfolk

You my copy is harty and society

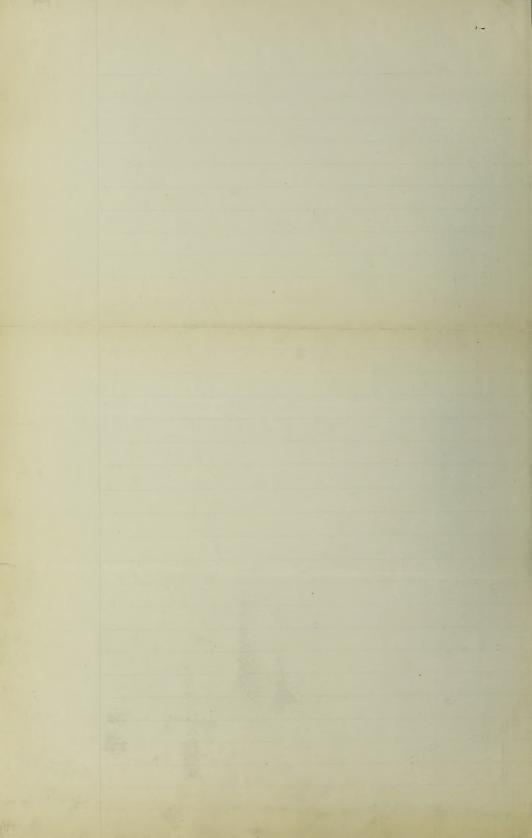


TABLE OF POPULATION, BIRTHS, AND OF NEW CASES OF INFECTIOUS SICKNESS, coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health, during the year 1894, in the Runal Samily Schuale District; classified according to the Medical Officer of Acres and Locality.

NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics; Public Institutions being shown as separate localities. (See Note 2 on back of sheet.) (a.) Francest France	POPULATION AT ALL AGES.			New	CASES OF	SICENE	New Cases of Siceness in each Locality, coming to the enowhedge of Medical Officer of Health.	CH LOCAL	ER OF H	ING TO T	HE KNOW	LEDGE O	g THE		NUMBER OF	висн	CASES I	SES REMOVED FROM THEIR HOMES IN THE FOR TREATMENT IN ISOLATION HOSPITAL.	FROM THE	IR HOME	S IN THE	SEVERAL	CASES REMOVED FROM THEIR HOMES IN THE SEVERAL LOCALITIES FOR TREATMENT IN ISOLATION HOSPITAL.	IES
hose Statistics; is being shown ica. ack of sheet.)	-																							
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	middle of 1894.	C Birth		Smallpox. Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Typhoid.	Relapsing	Puerperal	Cholera.	Erysipelas.		Smallpox.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup,	Fyphus. Enteric	or Typhoid ontinued	telapsing	Puerperal	Cholera.	j sipeias.	78 7 7
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9	2 47	9	was.	27				9				71-												

such Hospital is situated; and if not within the District, state where it is situated. blank headings the names of any that are notifiable in the District, and fill the columns accordingly State here whether "Notification of Infectious Disease" is compulsory in the District 12. Since when? It and 1890 State here the name of the Isolation Hospital used by the sick of the District. Mark (H) the Locality in which Besides the above-mentioned Diseases, insert in the columns with

NOTES ON TABLE B.

(See also Notes on back of Table A.)

- Note 1. The present Table B. is concerned with population, births, and sickness (not with mortality) in the district or division to which the Table relates.
 - 2. As stated in the heading of Col. (a), Public Institutions should be regarded as separate localities, and the new cases of sickness in them should be separately recorded. Workhouses, Hospitals, Infirmaries, Asylums, and other establishments into which numbers of people, and especially of sick people, are received, are Public Institutions for the purpose of these statistics.
 - 3. Comments on any unequal incidence of notifiable disease upon the several localities, and considerations as to the local incidence of consumption and other prevalent diseases, should be made in the text of the Report.

6.00

A. S.

TABLE

OF DEATHS during the Year 1894, in the classified according to DISEASES, AGES, and LOCALITIES. nund

MORTALITY FROM SUBJOINED CAUSES, DISTINGUISHING DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER FIVE YEARS OF AGE.

District.

MORTALITY FROM ALL CAUSES,
AT SUBJOINED AGES.

fornces Stratton Deaths occurring within the district among persons not belonging thereto. Deaths occurring outside the district among pers ins belonging thereto. かえ NAMES OF LOCALITIES adopted for the purpose of these Statistics; public institutions being shown as separate localities. (See note 4 on back of sheet.) Makhouse (Columns for Population and Births are in Table B.) 300 574 95 At all ages. 3 Cu 12 The subjoined numbers have also to be taken into account in judging of the above records of mortality 26 (b) 8 17 w 9 60115 5 and under 65. 4 13 30 20 and up-19 15 5 upwds 5 upwds 5 upwds 5 upwds Under Under p upwds Under Under Under 5 upwds apwds Under Under Under Smallpox. 2 12 Diphtheria Membranous Croup. 0 Typhus Enteric or Typhoid. 00 9 10 Cholera See Note 5 on back. Erysipelas. Whooping Cough. 23 Co 6 4 13 9 14 Rheumatic Fever. 15 16 Ague. 5 2 17 8 Phthisis. Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Pleurisy 5 6 18 3 Heart Cu 19 2 S 12 Disease. Injuries. 20 120 30 19 27 1200 All Other Diseases. 21 38 3.3 50 Tor

NOTES ON TABLES A AND B.

- Note 1. Medical Officers of Health of "Combined Districts" must make a separate Return for the District of each District Council.
 - Medical Officers of Health acting for a portion only of the District of a District Council should write, in the heading of the Table, the designation of the Division for which they act.
 - 3. The words "Urban," "Rural," or "Metropolitan" must be inserted in the appropriate space in the heading, according as the District is Urban or Rural, or is within the Metropolitan Area.
 - 4. The "Localities" adopted for the purpose of these statistics should be areas of known population; such as parishes, groups of parishes, townships or wards.

As stated at the head of the first column in each Table, *Public Institutions* should be regarded as separate localities, and the deaths in them should be separately recorded. Workhouses, Hospitals, Infirmaries, Asylums, and other establishments into which numbers of people, and especially of sick people, are received are Public Institutions for the purpose of these statistics.

5. The deaths which have to be classified in this Table (A), and summed up in the horizontal line of "Totals," are the whole of those registered as having actually occurred in the several localities comprised within the Division or District. But the registered number of deaths frequently requires correction before it can give an exact view of the mortality of a Division or District; and the two lowest horizontal lines are provided for the purpose of enabling Medical Officers of Health to indicate, to the best of their ability, what the extent of such corrections should be. Details concerning the corrective figures, e.g., the institutions that have been considered, or the particular localities to which corrections apply, may appear in the text of the report or in supplementary tables.

Area and Population of the District or Division to which this Return relates.

Area in Acres 68094

Population (1891) 19532

Death General 15.3 (per 1,000 Population. Rates. (Infant/52.4 (per 1,000 Births Registered.

In recording the facts under the various headings of Tables A and B, attention has been given to the notes endorsed on the Tables.

Mufandles Medical Officer of Health.

(Date) Thusay 20th, 1895.

Haules In

7

The Sepwade Rural Sanitary authority

Mr Chairman and Gentlemen

I have now the honour of forwarding to you my twenty first annual report on the anoliton of the Deputate Rural Sanctary District and on the work done in the year 1894

Work done by the Sanitary mojector Mulom Smith Sanitary his feeter has continued to be an active and able helps. He has during the year made 296 journeys and 6769 in spections, fiven 59 warnings made 21 reports to the Inedical Officer of Health and 197 to the Sanitary committee. Of these 197 cases reported to the Sanitary committee he was instructed by them to take action in 137 and of the remaining 60 cases some are Standing over for further consideration and When how were corrected without further warning

In all, 153 reported nuisances have been aboted, but in addition to these, numerous Mees injurious to health in various ways, have been about by simply pointing out their clarifer to the occupiers of houses and the necessity of their enrecting the error and aboting the nuisance

of and enferries into the existing Sanitary Condition of the bistict and the changes taking place likely to affect,

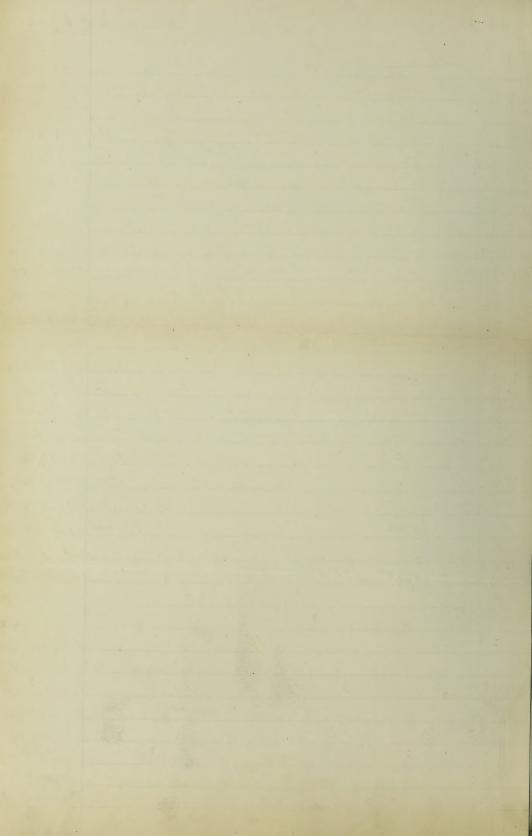
the public health

Special Reports 32.

Work done

Health

I made 32 special reports to your authority on matters which I fell it was necessary to bring under your notice, describing the Character of the muisances and advising as to the measures which I believed should be adopted to about Them, and in those cases in which you thought action should be at once taken you directed that my suffections should be carried out



I have in about the usual number of cases by everywhere n interviews with owners a occupiers obtained the abatement of mais ances and it is chiefly when this has not been necessful that I have reported the cases to your authority

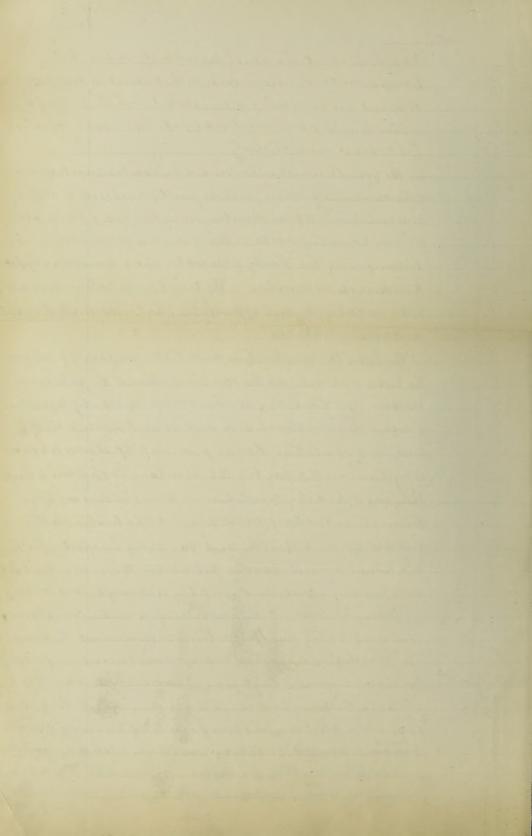
As regards herisantes courted by carelessness or ignorance of the occupiers of houses, such as faulty disposal of slops, accumulation of repute matter, or the keeping of animals too hear a dwelling house or too hear the water supply thus endangering the purity of the water these recisances appeared to diminish in number the rural population apparently better understands and appreciates what is and what is not a sanitary condition

The better the construction and thate y lepair of a cothege the better as a rule do the occupiers attend to Sanitary matters, but there are always some so attende, regardless of even ordinary cleantiness and so unbelieving in the benefits of sanitation, that as peat walchfulness as even is required on the peart of the Sanitary suspector to keep though in a healty condition. Householders one also themselves making sure pequent application to the medical Morier of Health and faultary Inspector for the abatement of muisances will under their own Contral such as defective and faulty drainage and trivies

many however are unwilling to make complaints and went until the properties has discovered the nuisance

notion the standing that many auisances from faulty priviles were abaled last year I am very to say that as a whole the priviles are still far from salisfactory and even when an order here been given to repair an old priory a build to new one it is very uncertain whether the builder with work on sanitary principles, In some cases I fear because he may not houself fully undustand what is required

Water Closets Privies



and in Mees perhaps because the moner is anseons to abate the misauce at the least partible est.

I believe when an order is made to repair a priory or build a new one, a printed form describing plainly what is the least that will satisfy the Sanitary authority should be supplied to the owner with instructions to present it to the fuilder whom he may employ

My kersonal attention here been required theifly in the thatters of Water hepply, Grainage, water close I and pury accommodation bilapidated Houses overcrowding and Infection Discasas

Water

out and eight Mers have been repaired and the water movele find The recupies of four costages in Pullacin I through the water form anothering to the the that they had no water fit to drink. They now obtain a supply of find water from Mr forder, hung and are salisfied I mispected in may the form fremises in Twen how occupied by her Turner in contiquence of a case of typhord fiver having recurred in heis house. I reported much fault, drain age and they he water supplied loas unfit todank. The drainage much at mesent, the noner promises to sink one in the sheet of petring have been that the hew well here here in the sheet of petring hard water I must get to sink one in the subject of petring hard water I must get to the host how deather secure of in the same

family in october last form Diphtherier The Medical assendant in notifying the cases to me Matest also that the water supplied were totally unfit to drink - The harishes of Dentin and all ungle are still hadly sufflied with water a less number of complaints were made to me in 1894 in the matter of water supply than his previous gears partly per haps because the supply is in the increase and partles on account of the weet



Water Supply

Summer Portons Who have been accustomed all their hives to drink hand water do und complain until the water is scarce a positively offensive. Rederiels bothorne and bet grenthbour hours in a suchle cottage in Durtur hear the Wash where a rapple of water evild be obtained at a hefling Cost Complained to me of heroup no water for to drends, I reported the case and a whice was severed on the nones but withing hers yet been duce The Rookery Farm hi Pulham & mary reported by me in 1892 as having 100 supply of water fit to drink and allowed to stand one in until 1893 (October) is the lithered a water trepply - Jalso apulal in august best that four houses in For freen, me a med farm house, all withers a stines Mirona of each Then, although each in a de Herent hauth, have no water for to drink or to use for household purposes In my reports for 186,2 and 186,3 I described an easy plane of misnoving kind water by filtration through a charcoal chain into a shallow will - I have not heard that this plan her been 200 and in any fresh cases - I described also an easy plan of making a charcoal filter for family use, and mentioned the dangers of Hending the use of are ordinary house fetter and suggested that leaflets fiving plain instructions as to how to make these Thould be distributed in districts where the water ripply is faulty in character - I also expressed the like which I feel I may repeat had in More districts when he cost of oldaring water is counderally above the average, it will some be Euro otson, on some authority to Julk, one two or more wells, in each parish in mopertion to its area and pholaticu les no 1. " house can now be orcupied until a salisfactory oupply of water is from the water hipply must Continue theadily to emprove



brainage huisances 28 abouted In the matter of drainage 18 missances were expuried into and aboted - Some of these were very important as for instance that in thereson win the yard bedween the Post office and Mer woods' horse, where all the houses on each side the yard including the two put named were rendered ansofe to live in - another had case in there of him was the faulty drainage ai Ellis, Gard, very similar to that in woods yard just named - In various other farts of the depresal thurst dishiet drainage nuisances of a more or loss serious character were aboted and four cases are slanding over in emsequence of the weether

Defective by defectul water closets and Privies 83 cases water Closets were discovered, this is 53 less Thomain 1893 - of and Privies Phose 83 cases, in 75 The missoners were abated and 83 cases in 8 they are at present standing over

The accumulation of refuse matter too hear or house or water supply . These were all abolish

Five cases of faulty disposal of slops causing danger to Water Tupply were discovered and abelia

light capes of nuisance caused by animals kept too near a dwelling house on water supply were cliservered and abated. These 101 cases under the last four headings were all discovered by the Sanitary truspecture in his visits and with scarcely an esception were abated at his suggestion to the ole faulters in think reporting to the Savitary

Fine cases of this unisance were discovered and abated by closing the houses as unfit for human habitation

Refuse

historial

dishoral
y slops
scases

lenimals
Kept too hear
Houses n Water
Supply

Comittee

8 cases

Tilapidated Houses Jeases



Overcrowding 6 cases

Sise cases of overcrowding were discovered, four of these were abouted and two are left strending over for the present

ash Pits

a few ashfets of moher construction were built in 1894 but as the Local forenment Bound in 1893 requested. The medical Officer of teal the to report on the number and character of the dochpits in the district, I Hated in my reput for that year that the supply of an ashfit to cottages was quite an exception and very few were to be found I also Maler Mar unlan Cashfit were properly constructed and regularly a Handed to they were likely themselves to cause muisances and I fave simple directions for their proper construction, very few however were made last year except where new houses were truth for When a new house is built a properly constructed ashful can be enficied before the house is occupied and in my report this year on Defitheria I five an illustration in the ceene of the kirbys as Tasburgh of The were in which the absence of an ashfit led to a freat and long continued accumulation of refuse in a deep hole in the farden which caused such are Offensive nuisance their it may have had an ofluence in causing the 2 cases of Dephthener which occurred in Kerleys family to have a fatal lorminestur

General Siekness 376 cases As rejected peneral nekness I know only of More cases which are reported to the Grandians by the bished medical Officers and these are pauper cases only. They numbered 242 in 1892 - 317 in 1893 and 376 in 1894 a steady increase - There were rather more than the usual number y cases in the Worldhouse There is nothing special to report



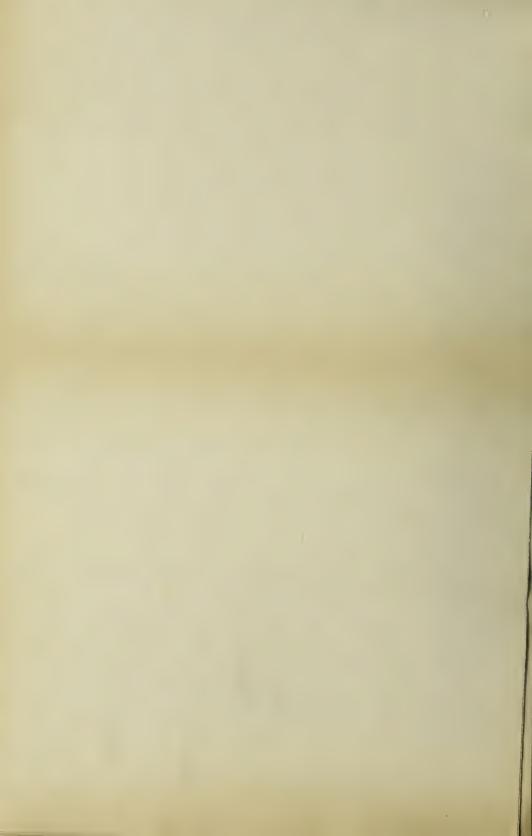
Shalton 70 as to the character of the sickness except their there formate 91 were fewer certes of Influence and there of a Diss 46 milder Type - other diseases were in the usual Work house 106 proportion. The dishibution in the different Suldichects is shewn in the margin - are the cases of sieteron in the Work house were I suppose entered - while in the Mer dishiels those only who required relief were reputed

hifections From January 1840 when the notification of Diseases Injections browses wer first made compulory in notified in 1890 - -87 the Deputade District the number of ceises notified 1891 -1892 -108 to me has baried from 86 1572 as shewin the margin 1893 -86 The 86 cases notified to me in 1894 were of 1894 -1894. Searlet Fever 28 - of these none were fatal Suldistuels 32 Diphtherin _ 34 " " 4 " fatal Shatton -15 Typhoid Fever 2 " " none . fatal Fornce 18 24 Propifelas 22 " " I was fater? bin -Harleston I The proportion of these cases in the fuldisheets Workhouse 86 is shown in the margin

Scarles team Jaking there in the order arranged in Table A is Subdishets and I begin with Scarle & Lever

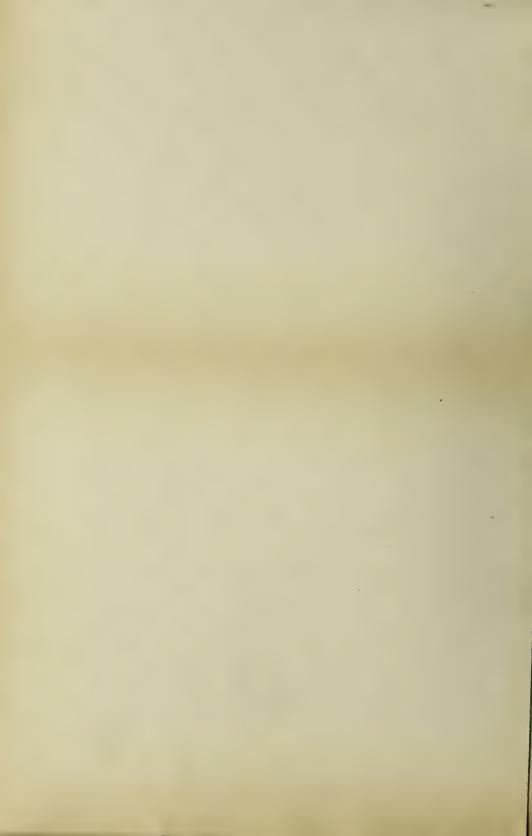
Shatton y The first outheats occurred in the harish of fornce to - 9 Dickleburgh in Feb J. There were 5 cases in the family barbester - 34 horwest - supposed 4 have been imported, the

28 usual procedutions were taken and infection diel, who should a Two cases more occured in Feb) in the friend of hick of hick at Pacolnestone. The origin and be traced, infection did not shread. On the 18th of hely I cases were notified to hele residency in Pully I cases were notified to hele residency in Pullham market far apart from lace other, I went over to make enquiry I could not have the orgin, I gave the usual instructions to the harents and to the School master on whom



Scarlet From I called. Five days later two more cases in the (untinued

same parish were notified to me with the remark That There were also several cases of sore throat, I at once went again to make further enfuiry and found that a boy who had not had any medical attendance had evidently had a slight attack of Scarlet Lever and gone back to school while still infections - under my advice the school was cloted at once and the rooms thoroughly disinfected and we pesh case occurred. Two case, occurred in the family your Brooks in forncett - The outbreak was infronted from another District - Infection did not struck a case imported from another district occurred un Pulham & Many in august. also in august there was one case in Thanston and two in brekleburgh - The origin could red be haced Infection did had there of a farly in hounder occase occurred in the family of Mel Chapman living near lonifer Hill Stenoton - as the family is large, the portable wooden hospital from the Workhouse was hought over and the heading encourses of the family were lodged in it, this proved the a remarkable, severe and protracted case - By the kind help of friends a trained was was procured and infection chel not spread - about the same time two more cases were notified to from another part of Stenston with the remark that they had been attending school while in an infectious state before any medical man had been them, as this is often The cause of a serious on Meals. I advised the closer y the school et once, this was done, the school house was thoroughly disinficted, and no fest care) occurred . These had no countetien with Chapmans case



three more cases occurred at formett and and Secorles Fever (ontinued two in Bunwell 6/ The 28 cases none proved fotal

In cach outheale the spread of infection was prevented and no second outheat could be haced to infection from a previous in the Depusade bishiet - I may Therefore say kuly that the measures adopted were very successful

Diphthered

of the 34 cases of Diphtheries 4 proved falal 34 cases or 11. 9 Me - this is considerably below the average . 2 in the Shallon and I in the Force to District - In 1893 Suddistricts Sha Hou -The number of cases was largest in the Forncett and Fornce 14 -2 smallest in the Thatton dishiet. Dios - -

Harleston - 13 Hemarkens on the cause of bightheries in my 34 report for 1893 I said that as a rule I did not fines The Sanitary condition of the menises was below the average, but there were exceptions to this Talor soul That although the Inedomenant opinion among those whose experience and position were such as to fine Them anthority was, that insanitary conditions do not cause Dightheria get my own provoual a therence of many years led me to think that there certainly may have true share in the cause and I now feel suc they have a tendency to increase the mortalety - Sofar as a small number of cases may be of any use in forming an opinion, the mortality last year bear this out - of the four falal cases, two occurred in a farm house in Tibenham where I had previously reputers insanitary conditions while inspecting the premises in consequence of Typhord Fever being in the house

The insunitary conditions were had drainage and faulty water supply and although the drainage misunes were are aboted before the cases of deptheria occurred, yet the water remained unfit to



Diphtheries (on tinued

The Mu two falal case, occurred in the family, of but Kirby at the Post Hice Tasburgh, annie aged Il years died in January and I that Jame age q died in May When I inspected the menises in January nothing insanitary could be found except the absence of an leshfit (nothing unusual) and the Consequent accumulation of refuse matter in a hole in the farden a good distance from the house and nothing offensive could be noticed - When I called in Many in consequence of the second case y Dephtheries This refuse marker was being removed, and the stench from it weer most sick soming and intolerable carriers breknen and dianhoes in those who were removing it and I believe it is not improbable that the child who ried in January took harm while playing there (as the did) although nothing oftensive was then hoticed This is another indication of the weenity of careful and proper dishosal of refuse matter by the use of properly constructed osh pits. In this instance the refuse was in a deep hole which was simply filled to the level of the farder so that no accumulation was observable and no misance could be wheel until the refuse was disturbed - pist after thes disturbance was made the wife of Get Rise living just behind herbys house fell its with Dephtherin, and 3 children in The house of he hancis in the same harest a Horace Cus how in a costage not far distant was also ill with Deph therin at the time kirty's first child died . The cheif insanitary conditioner in this case were no more water supply - thefamily draul the water from the brook and do now, as I said in my report for 180,3 Suphtheria is spriead by



Diphtherial

has beathed upon, or with any exception from the hose, throat, or mouth, These thursde be thoroughly disinfected or burned at once. Core thursde be taken by the nurses to obtain full and plain his heading pointhe medical authoritation for the property (rather)

Typhoid Tever Two Cases Tilvenham Sha Hon one were how of hos Jurner living in a farme all Tibenham, the insaultory condition of the whole premises here I have reported and the heart

Bentead in Shatton of Michael - of Mis case I have nothing special to report - In both cases proper precentions were tother and the patients did well twenty two cases of Srys spelar, were notified to

Shatten Forness Lois Houleston

Erysiplas

22 Cases

she me y which wees fatal - here being generals
blood poisoning as well - These cesses occurred one or
more in each month of the year in the defenced,
Subdishiels as shown in the margin - The cheif

Walshorse 22

to year in hotelying rys speles is to prevent the hurses to a Hendants coming into contact with in undertaking the charge of any herson having a wound or with any herson who is about to be or has recently been confined, in the talter case it torreled incer the risk of conveying Puerperal Fever and with former of neight convey a very dangerous form of trys pelas. These precentions were tatten in every case and infection did not spread in any

Infections Discussos not holified

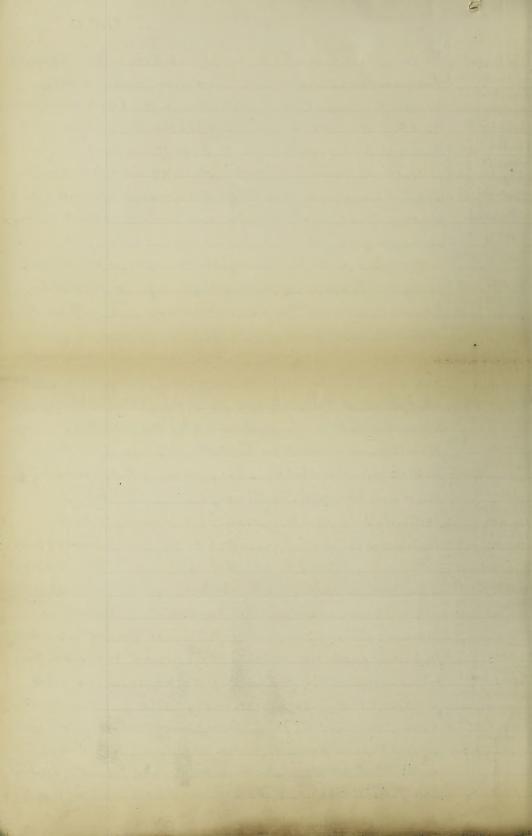
I have your through all the cases of highering bisease of the kinds which are writined to me and as refurds those which are not, as heades Whospeng (ough and diswrhoon, I hear only of the cases which prove fatal and of those which



are reported to the fundious by the birtiels Influenza Medical Oficers - I know that Whooping cough 4 deaths h. M. Subdished prevailed extensively through the whole bestures, bis - 2 as it caused the death of 23 children, the may out Forncet Wale how I of whom were under 6 months, old, nearles I believe I possibled in time dishely - hefterenga presented mortality for melty exteriored, in some disheets although surch less Infelious Diseases to and generally of a miller type how in 1893 - 11 was nolified biphshein 4 The histality from the clover classes of Sufectiones 3 Diseases which are notified was only 5 that is 0.2 per 1000 This is at the rate when is lower them it has been since the holefication of 4 0.2 pa 1000 The population hipetions diseases bet came into force in the Depueade To here add Rural Destrech but when I add to these the mortately from infections disceses Infections Diseases and notified, which welled measles not hoteful Whorking last 23 Whorking forest and Dear har it hings the Total up to biarrhoa 280 which is 1.5 ha love of the per huration. This unusually heavy total was counted by the very extensive prevalence This is as the rate of Whow hing lough, which moved fatoet in 23 cades - The 91.5 per 1000 propertion of these cases in the deperent Suldestricts is thewer in Table A The measures adopted to prevent the operad of Infection I described in my report on Sickness from Profestion, Diseases Total mortality The Ital Mortality from all lauses at all ages was 300 or 300 15.3 /5/1000 against-16.6 in 1893 and 14.5 in 1892 15.3 por 1000 43 Infants died under me year of life 26 persons deed between . The year and 5 17 " " 5 year " 15 9 " " 15 " " 25 115 " april 65 year and whereards IF died between 70 years and 80 .32 " " fe " " 90 3 " 90" 100



The proportion of deather to the potentation in the deferent Idal mortality in the defterent Subdistrets is thewer in the Margan - This nearly Sul Dishels Weberses the proportions in 1893 when a The Shalton Suldes heef per 1600 of The hopulation the death rate was lowest, thus she Hun Subdished 13.9 Shatton -18.4 Jance 16.1 Harleston 16.2 bis 17. 1000 Forncett 10.9 The Total humber of Burths loves 479 or 101 less them in Dis 12. Harleston 13.7 1893 - This is a very low Borth Rate being at the rate of 24.5 Buths prioto of the population - The proportion of infants dying 479 2 under one year of age wees unusually high being 73 or one 24.5 p. 1000 in every 6.5 of the Britter registered, against one in 9.5 Shatten in 1893 To account for this high infant mortalety frucett - 24.69 must enter into the various courses yet - First the Diss Hadestin - 24.2 external prevalence of Whooking cough caused the death mant of 18, and when Whooping prevails estensively here are mortality Whoopffrugh -18 fermally at the fand time numerous ceises of Breumonia Mounchitis Athere caused the death of 12 nine and 19 were Preumoura) Bronclutes) prematurely born, living from a few minutes to a few days Premature 19 Buth -These 3 causes account for the death of 49 rejust two thirds of Coubulsius to the total infants mortality. The courses of the comaining malfanation Phihisis third are shown in the margin Dearhou 3 mortalety Table from 1874 divided with periods of 7 years Inques to habital (73 average of the first y years 17.8 to Infection Deseas 1.2 p. 1000 infant deaths " " " Jeendy " 16.8 " " " 0.5 pilooo pullou Births . . . third y .. 16.3 " " " 0.8 /51000 Shatton - 182.5 Shatton - 182.5 The slight increase in the deall rate y Infections Harles In 1942 biseleses chering the last Septennial period is accounted Workhase 428:5 for by the fact their during that herod translace has hejand Deaths been classed among The Infectious biseases wheel. 1:1000 Brites in the Depurale was and the case previously, and further by the Rural Sandar heavy mortality from whooping lough in the year - 157.4 1894 - This last accounts for the very heavy hefent matalety in The World house where there were only of birthes and of these y. There were 3 deathes home Whooping lough



Jol 14 Subdishiet Deaths from Suicide, Injury and Deaths not certifical Hemphall Jan 31 John / most age 2 grs : Scalled by Kettle of boiling water - h higuest Pulhom Many Money Foremuch Thrower 45 - Suicide by Hanging higues / - Phooling higues 1 Hemprall Mar 22 Surnamuel Leach 66 - Synche hywest Pulheu & Mary Man 31 Ellen Squire 49 Houpmall here 30 Nobert Knutt 76 natural Causes hyerest hicked by a Horse Palhansman July 1 Charles Bailey 80 hywol haturel Jauses. Shatton Si han bel 21 Lily Holett 1/2 Infues! Thanston Dei 25 Wordsarreit og 2 Croup (nevelsiers hol Certified Frencett Subdisheet Tiber ham Fel W Idward Bornau 8 South from hatural Cause Prysifields and Inquest Tiber ham no Nova Birch 11 year hork faw coursed by accidental hefory & Leg Inquest Inques/ Edith Maria arnold 2 grs Convulsions hot Certified on the Enguerh Bunwell Ofnil & - Howell Thous natural lauses no Inquest Hapten here 14 bis Subdistrict amos Prentice 68 tound browned Inques! Buroton Jan 2 martha lander 57 Heart Disease Synche Inques 4 Gering Jeb 12 Twelts hall han 8 hyurs! Charles Haby 75 hatural lauses Charles low Gibson y wales hatural laures Scole Sep 17 Infaes! Dicklebugh bie 27 het aldis 23 hours Premeture Buth Coroners letter Harleston hel Dishiet ko mgaest-Harry Sheldrake 4 days unknew. reported to Coroner alburgh man 3 Inquest Marster any 18 Whi Brown 82 hatural Courses Inques! Certher Herbert Twan I sunth hatural lauses Harleston hor 4 Harles to hor 29 Inques! James Squire 70 Juicide by Hanging I have not had occasion to inform the hocal government Board of any dangerous net break y Infectious brocase Their not here necessary to talie Legal Proceedings in any lase during the year 1894 he action has been taken under the Sale of Food a buys her Your bockens Ser and Mufandler medient office Health Depurale Rural Sanitary Districts

